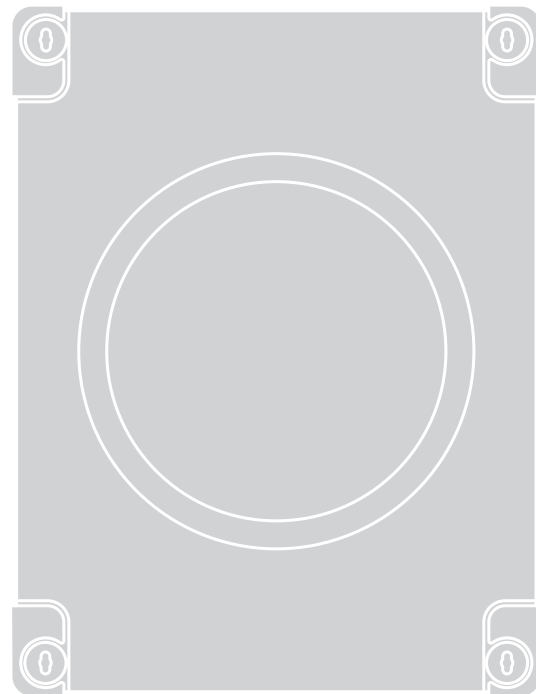


MC424L

CE
EAC



Control unit

EN - Instructions and warnings for installation and use

Nice

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1.1 GENERAL WARNINGS



WARNING! Important safety instructions. Observe all the instructions as improper installation may cause serious damages.



WARNING! Important safety instructions. It is important to comply with these instructions to ensure personal safety. Store these instructions carefully.

WARNING! Please abide by the following warnings:

- Before commencing the installation, check the "Product technical specifications", in particular whether this product is suitable for automating your guided part. Should it not be suitable, do NOT proceed with the installation.
- The product cannot be used before it has been commissioned as specified in the "Testing and commissioning" chapter.



According to the latest European legislation, an automated device must be constructed in conformity to the harmonised rules specified in the current Machinery Directive, which allow for declaring the presumed conformity of the automation. Consequently, all the operations for connecting the product to the mains electricity, its commissioning and maintenance must be carried out exclusively by a qualified and expert technician.

- Before proceeding with the product's installation, check that all the materials are in good working order and suited to the intended applications.
- The product is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capacities, nor by anyone lacking sufficient experience or familiarity with the product.
- Children must not play with the appliance.
- Do not allow children to play with the product's control devices. Keep the remote controls out of reach of children.



In order to avoid any danger from inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-off device, this appliance must not be powered through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a supply that is regularly powered or switched off by the circuit.

- The system's power supply network must include a disconnection device (not supplied) with a contact opening gap permitting complete disconnection under the conditions envisaged by Overvoltage Category III.
- Handle the product with care during installation, taking care to avoid crushing, denting or dropping it, or allowing contact with liquids of any kind. Keep the product away from sources of heat and naked flames. Failure to observe the above can damage the product, and increase the risk of danger or malfunction. Should this happen, stop installation immediately and contact Customer Service.

- The manufacturer declines all liability for damages to property, objects or people resulting from failure to observe the assembly instructions. In such cases, the warranty for material defects shall not apply.
- The weighted sound pressure level of the emission A is lower than 70 dB(A).
- Cleaning and maintenance reserved for the user must not be carried out by unsupervised children.
- Before intervening on the system (maintenance, cleaning), always disconnect the product from the mains power supply and from any batteries.
- Inspect the system frequently, in particular the cables, springs and supports to detect any imbalances and signs of wear or damage. Do not use the product if it needs to be repaired or adjusted, because defective installation or incorrect balancing of the automation can lead to injuries.
- The packing materials of the product must be disposed of in compliance with local regulations.
- Keep persons away from the gate when it is manoeuvred using the control elements.
- When operating the gate, keep an eye on the automated mechanism and keep all bystanders at a safe distance until the movement has been completed.
- Do not operate the product if anyone is working nearby; disconnect its power supply before permitting such work to be done.
- If the power cable is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or by an appointed servicing company or similarly qualified person in order to prevent any form of risk.
- Warning! Transport the product using the relevant hand trolley and the handles on the package to ensure that the operations are conducted safely.

1.2 INSTALLATION WARNINGS

- Prior to installing the drive motor, check that the door is in good working order, correctly balanced and that it opens and closes properly.
- Before installing the drive motor, remove all unnecessary ropes or chains and deactivate any equipment not required for motorised operation, such as locking devices.
- If the gate to be automated is fitted with a pedestrian door, the system must be equipped with a control system that inhibits motor operation when the pedestrian door is open
- Install the manoeuvre device for manual unlocking at less than 1.8 m above the ground. NOTE - If removable, the manoeuvre device must be kept next to the door when removed.
- Make sure that the control elements are kept far from moving parts but nonetheless directly within sight. Unless a selector is used, the control elements must be installed at least 1.5 m above the ground and must not be accessible.

3 INSTALLATION

3.1 PRE-INSTALLATION CHECKS

Before proceeding with the product's installation, it is necessary to:

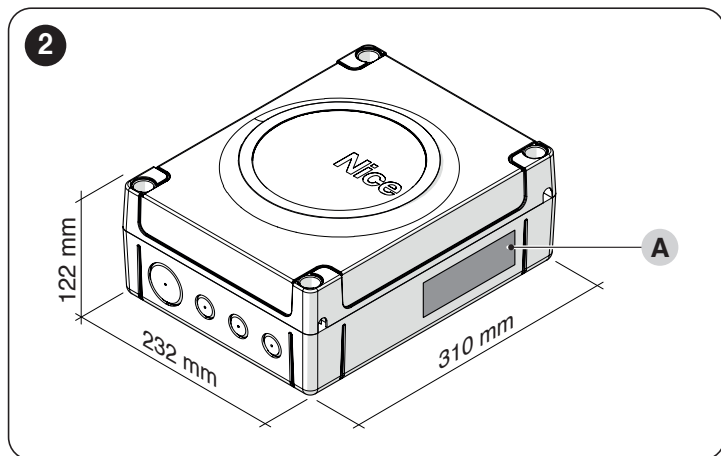
- check the integrity of the supply
- check that all the materials are in good working order and suited to the intended use
- check that all operating conditions comply with that specified in the "**Product usage limits**" paragraph and in the "**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**" chapter
- check that the chosen installation location is compatible with the product's overall dimensions (see "**Figure 2**")
- check that the surface chosen for installing the product is solid and can ensure stable attachment
- make sure that the installation area is not subject to flooding; if necessary, the product must be installed appropriately raised above ground level
- check that the space around the product allows safe and easy access
- check that all electrical cables to be used belong to the type listed in "**Table 1**"
- check that the automation has mechanical stops in both the opening and closing phases.

3.2 PRODUCT USAGE LIMITS

The product must be used exclusively with WG2024, WG3524, WG4024, WG5024, TOO3024, TOO4524, XME2024 gearmotors and in accordance with the corresponding usage limits.

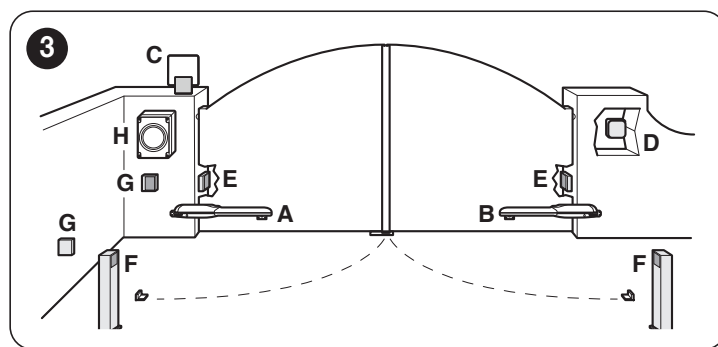
3.3 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS

The overall dimensions and label (A) that allow for identifying the product are shown in "**Figure 2**".



3.4 TYPICAL INSTALLATION

"**Figure 3**" shows an example of an automation system constructed using Nice components.



- A WINGO, TOO, SFAB 24 V electro-mechanical actuator
- B WINGO, TOO, SFAB 24 V electro-mechanical actuator
- C Warning light
- D Key selector
- E "PHOTO" pair of photocells
- F "PHOTO1" pair of photocells
- G "PHOTO2" pair of photocells
- H Control unit

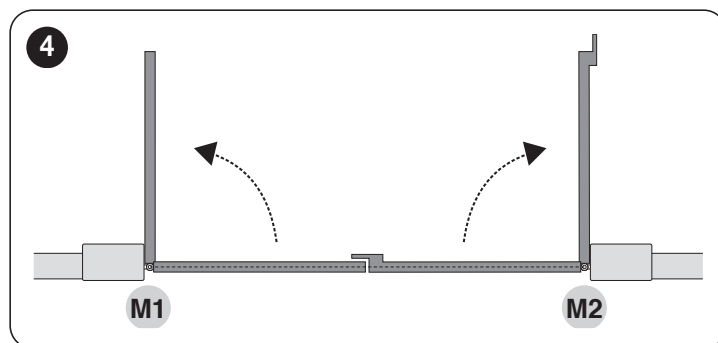
These above-mentioned components are positioned according to a typical standard layout.

In particular, bear in mind that:

- for the characteristics and connection of the photocells, consult the specific instructions of the product
- the intervention of the "PHOTO" pair of photocells during the opening phase has no effect, while it triggers a reversal during the closing phase
- the intervention of the "PHOTO1" pair of photocells stops the manoeuvre during both the opening and closing phases
- the intervention of the "PHOTO2" pair of photocells during the closing phase (connected to the suitably configured AUX input) has no effect, while it triggers a reversal during the opening phase.



Bear in mind that motor M1 is the first to start for the closing movement, while motor M2 is the first to start for the opening movement ("Figure 4**").**



Before proceeding with the installation, prepare the electrical cables required for the system by referring to the "Wiring diagram and description of connections**" paragraph and to that specified in the "**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**" chapter.**





The cables used must be suited to the type of environment of the installation site.



When laying the ducting for routing the electrical cables and for the cable entry point into the control unit housing, check that there are no water deposits in the junction wells nor condensate in the connection ducts, as water and damp conditions could damage the product's electronic circuits.


3.5 INSTALLING THE CONTROL UNIT

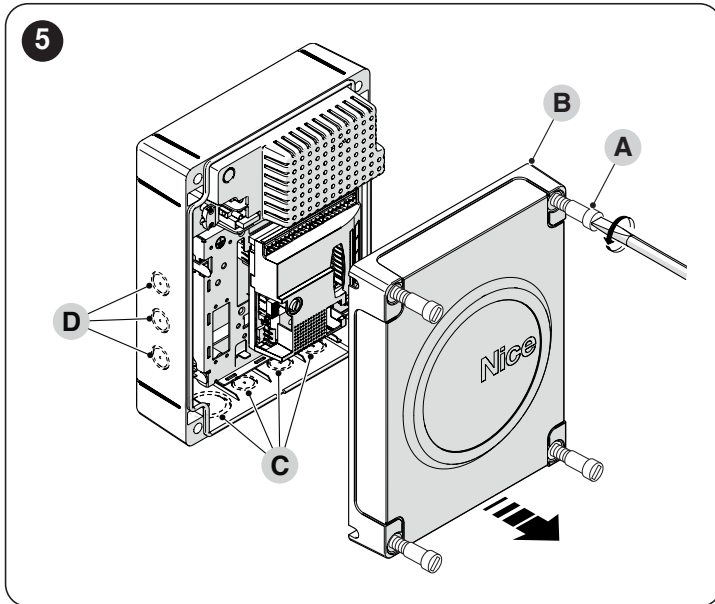
 Secure the control unit to an unmovable, vertical, flat surface adequately protected against possible impacts. The lower part of the control unit must be at least 40 cm above the ground.

 The control unit is also suitable for being installed outdoors, as it is supplied in a container that, if adequately installed, guarantees an IP54 protection rating.

To secure the control unit ("Figure 5" and "Figure 6"):

1. loosen the screws (A) and remove the cover (B) of the control unit
2. identify the pre-cut holes (C) located along the lower side of the box and perforate the ones used to pass the electrical cables

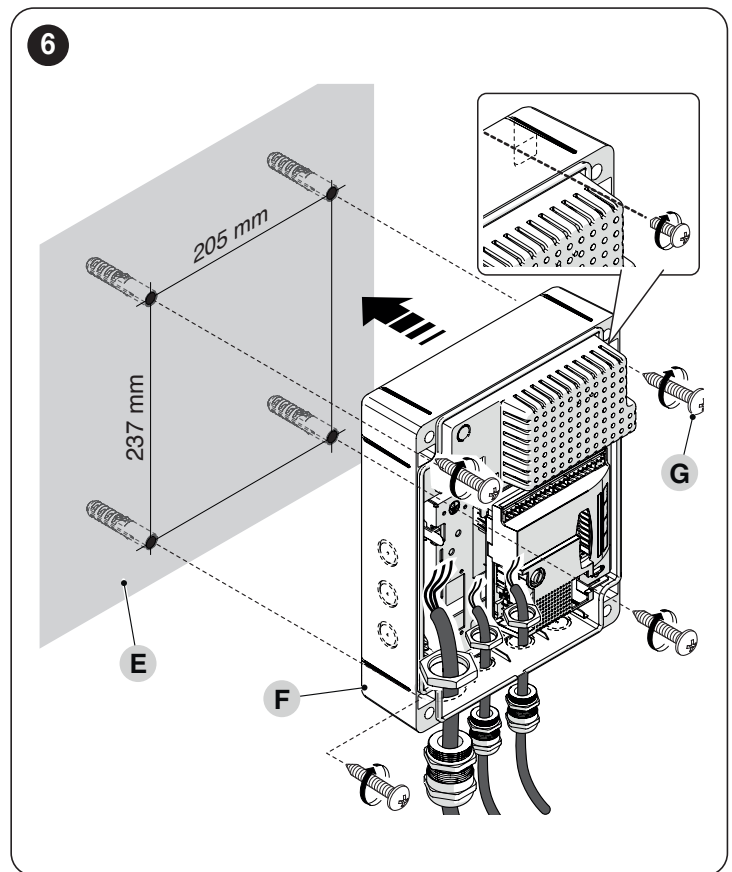
 The side cable entry (D) can only be used if the control unit is installed indoors, in a protected environment.



3. drill the wall (E) by observing the measurements shown in the figure and arrange suitable wall plugs (not supplied)
4. position the box (F) and fasten it with the screws (G) (not supplied)
5. arrange cable glands for passing the connecting cables
6. make the electrical connections by operating as described in the "ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS" chapter.


 To install any other devices used on the automated system, refer to the respective instruction manuals.

7. after making the electrical connections, put the cover (B) back on and tighten the screws (A).



4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

4.1 PRELIMINARY CHECKS

 All electrical connections must be made with the system disconnected from the mains electricity and with the emergency power supply (if present in the automation) disconnected.

 The connection operations must only be carried out by qualified personnel.

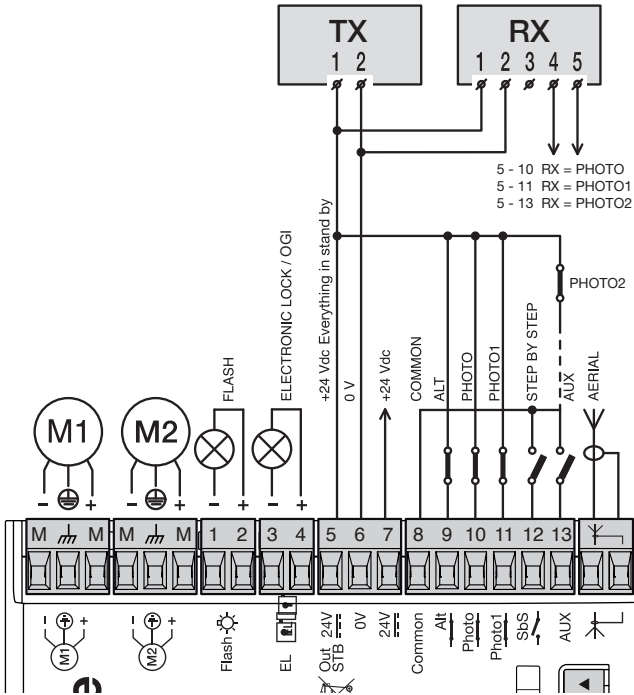
 Check that all electrical cables to be used are of the suitable type

4.2 WIRING DIAGRAM AND DESCRIPTION OF CONNECTIONS

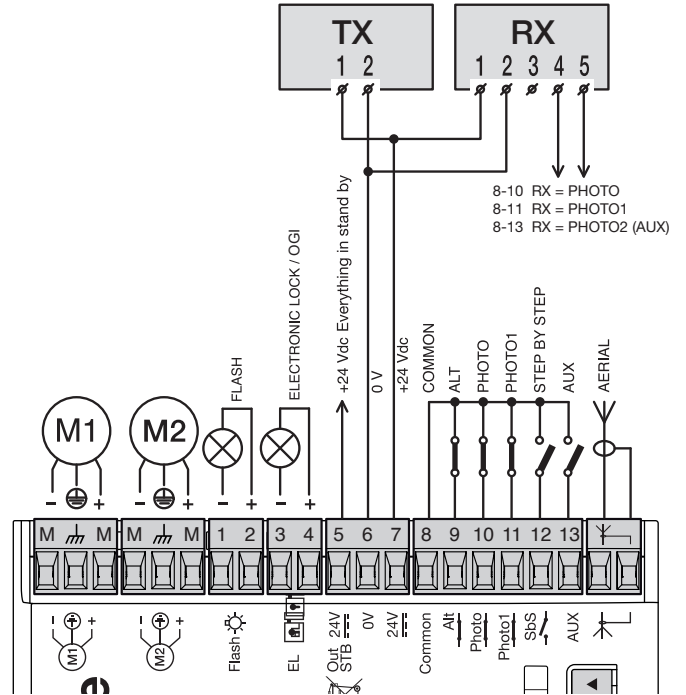
4.2.1 WIRING DIAGRAM

7

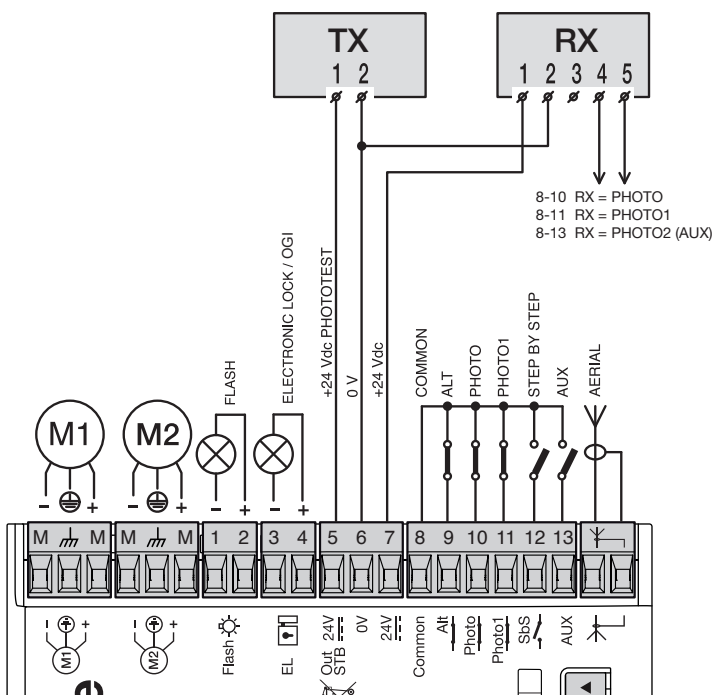
A Energy saving connection: “Stand by all” active



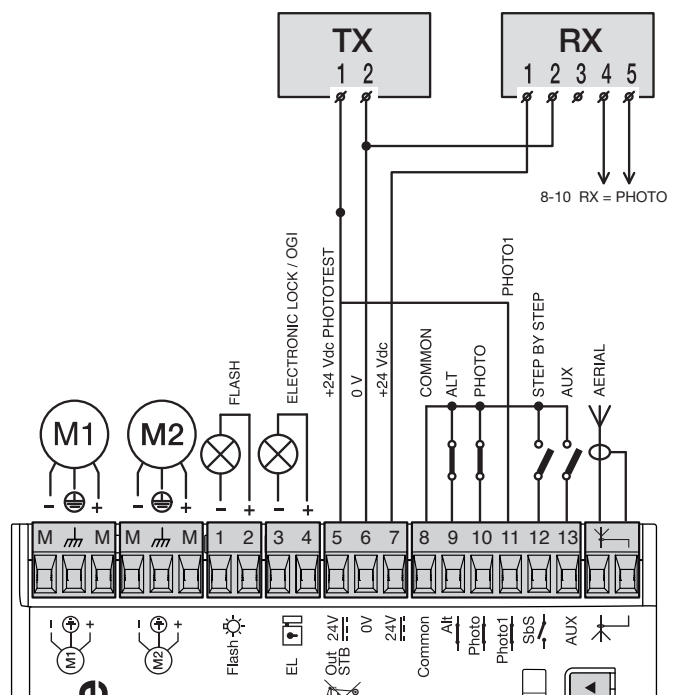
B Standard connection: “Stand by all” active, photocells always powered (Warning! Average consumption increases)



C Connection with “Phototest”: “Stand by all” disabled and “Phototest” enabled. Application with at least two pairs of photocells



D Connection with “Phototest”: “Stand by all” disabled and “Phototest” enabled. Application with a single pair of photocells (PHOTO1 excluded)



4.2.2 DESCRIPTION OF CONNECTIONS

The meaning of the codes/wording stamped on the electronic board near the relative terminals is described below.

Table 1

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS			
Terminals	Function	Description	Cable type
L - N - ⊕	120/230/250 V ~ 50/60 Hz POWER SUPPLY	Mains power supply	3 x 1.5 mm ²
M/M	Motor 1	Connection of motor M1 [note 1]	3 x 1.5 mm ²
M/M	Motor 2	Connection of motor M2	3 x 1.5 mm ²
1÷2	Warning light	Connection of the 24 V = max 25 W warning light	2 x 1 mm ²
3÷4	OGI / Electric lock	Connection of the 24 V = max 5 W Open Gate Indicator or 12 V = max 15 VA Electric Lock (see the “PROGRAMMING” chapter)	OGI: 2 x 0.5 mm ² Electric lock: 2 x 1 mm ²
5	Out_STB	+24 V = power supply for TX photocells with phototest (max 100 mA); “COMMON” for all safety inputs, with “Stand-by all” function active [note 2]	1 x 0.5 mm ²
6	0 V =	0 V power supply = for services	1 x 0.5 mm ²
7	24 V =	Service power supply (24 V = max 200 mA) [nota 3]	1 x 0.5 mm ²
8	Common 24 V =	Common for all inputs (+24 V =) without “Stand-by all”	1 x 0.5 mm ²
9	ALT (STOP)	Input with ALT function (emergency, safety lock) [nota 4]	1 x 0.5 mm ²
10	FOTO (PHOTO)	NC input for safety devices (photocells, sensitive edges)	1 x 0.5 mm ²
11	FOTO1 (PHOTO1)	NC input for safety devices (photocells, sensitive edges)	1 x 0.5 mm ²
12	PASSO-PASSO (STEP-BY-STEP)	Input for cyclic operation (OPEN-STOP-CLOSE-STOP)	1 x 0.5 mm ²
13	AUX	Auxiliary input [nota 5]	1 x 0.5 mm ²
⚡	Antenna	Radio receiver antenna connection	RG58-type shielded cable

Note 1 Not used for single-leaf gates (the control unit automatically recognises whether there is only one motor installed).

Note 2 The “Stand-by all” is used to limit consumption; for further details on the electrical connections, refer to the “Stand-by all / Phototest connection” paragraph, and consult the “PROGRAMMING” chapter for information on programming.

Note 3 **Warning:** in Standby mode the power supply drops to 21V = +/-10% with an available power of 2W.

Note 4 The ALT (STOP) input can be used for NC contacts or 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor contacts in self-recognition mode (see the “PROGRAMMING” chapter).

Note 5 The AUX auxiliary input is programmed by default with the “Type 1 partial open” function, but can be programmed with one of the functions shown in “Table 2”.

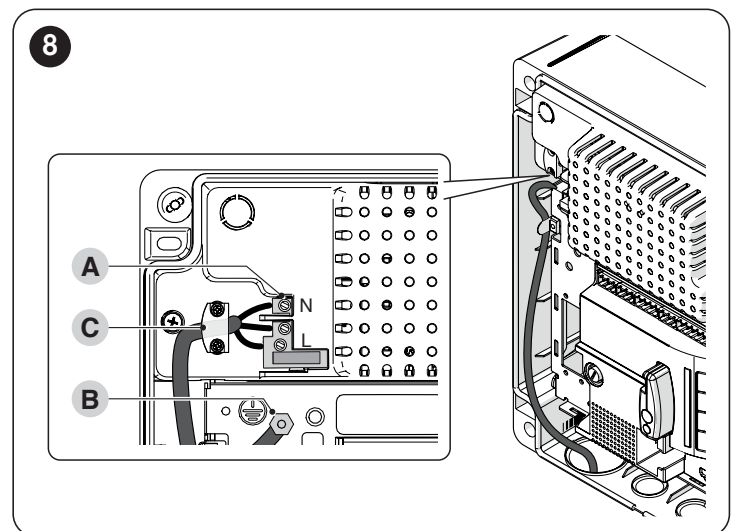
Table 2

PROGRAMMABLE FUNCTIONS FOR THE AUX INPUT		
Function	Type of input	Description
TYPE 1 PARTIAL OPEN	NO (normally open)	Opens the upper leaf completely
TYPE 2 PARTIAL OPEN	NO (normally open)	Opens the two leaves halfway
OPEN	NO (normally open)	Performs the open manoeuvre only
CLOSE	NO (normally open)	Performs the close manoeuvre only
FOTO 2 (PHOTO 2)	NC (normally closed)	PHOTO 2 function
STOP	NO (normally open)	Stops the manoeuvre
EXCLUDED	--	No function

4.2.3 OPERATIONS FOR CONNECTION

To make the electrical connections (“Figure 7”):

1. remove the terminals from their housings
2. connect the various devices to the relevant terminals according to the diagram shown in “Figure 7”
3. put the terminals back into their housings.
4. connect the power supply cable to points (A) and (B) and secure it with the cable clamp (C) (“Figure 8”).



4.2.4 NOTES ON CONNECTIONS

Most of the connections are extremely easy to make, as they are largely connections directed at a single user or contact. Below are some examples on how to connect external devices.

4.2.4.1 Stand-by all / Phototest connection

The “Stand-by all” function allows for reducing consumption and is active as a standard feature. It is automatically excluded only when the “Phototest” function activates.

Note The “Stand-by all” and “Phototest” functions are alternative, as one excludes the other.

The possible connection options are listed below:

- with “Stand-by all” active (**energy saving**) (“Figure 7 A”)
- without “Stand-by all” and without “Phototest” (**standard connection**) (“Figure 7 B”)
- without “Stand-by all” and with “Phototest” (“Figure 7 C”).

If the ‘Stand by tutto’ function is active, the control unit will automatically enter ‘Stand by tutto’ mode 5 minutes after the end of a maneuver, turning off all inputs and outputs to reduce power consumption.

Note The waiting time before standby activation is configurable; 5 minutes is the default value.



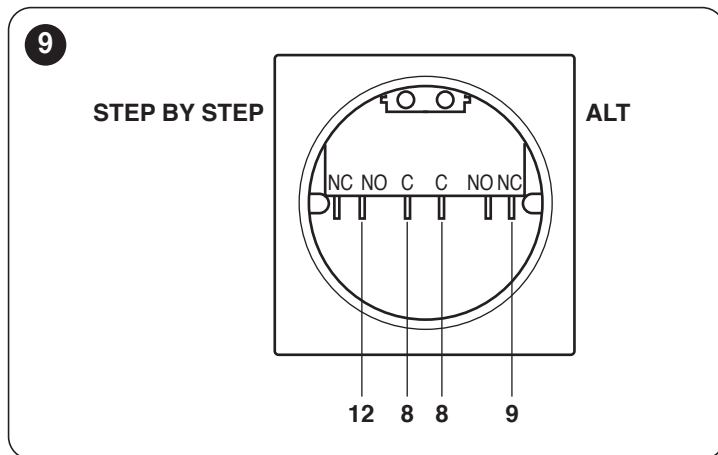
If the control unit is powered with a photovoltaic panel (“Solemyo” system) or with a back-up battery, the “Stand-by all” function must be activated as shown in the “energy saving” diagram (“Figure 7 A”).

When the “Stand-by all” function is not required, the “Phototest” function can be activated, which can be used to verify – at the start of each manoeuvre – whether the connected photocells are working properly. To use this function, it is necessary to connect the photocells appropriately (“Figure 7 C”) and then activate the function.

Note When the “phototest” function is enabled, the inputs subject to the test procedure are FOTO, FOTO1, and FOTO2. If any of these inputs are not used, they must be connected to terminal “OUT-STB” (number 5) (“Figure 7 D”).

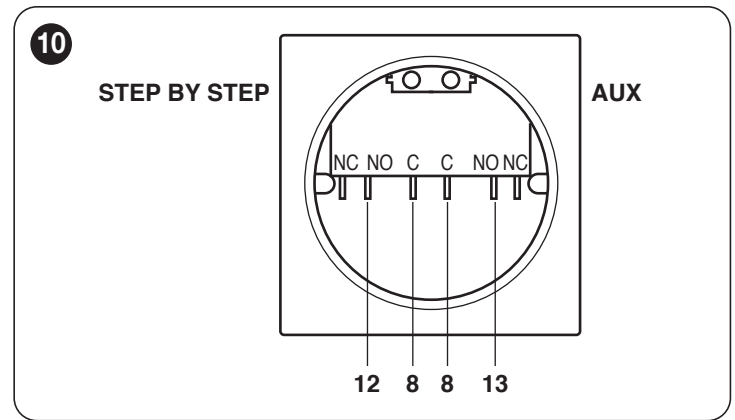
4.2.4.2 Key selector connection

Connection of the key selector to perform the “STEP-BY-STEP” and “STOP” functions (“Figure 9”).



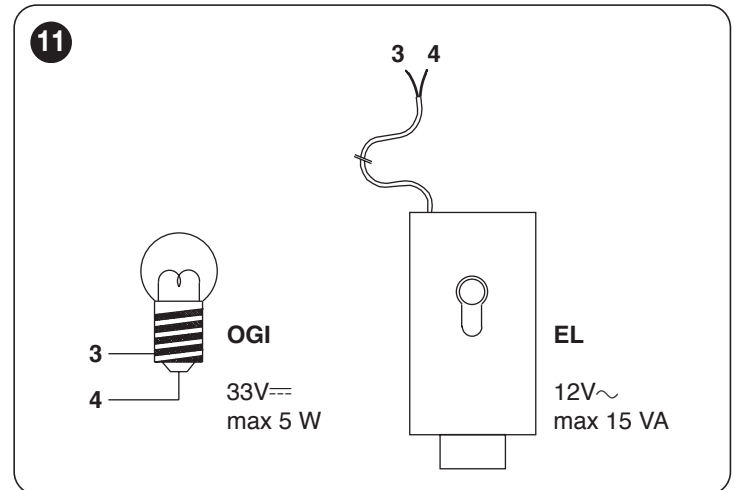
To connect ALT (STOP) with the “Stand-by all” function active, use terminal no. 5 and not no. 8 (see the “Stand-by all / Phototest connection” paragraph).

Connection of the selector to carry out the “STEP-BY-STEP” functions and one of those relevant to the AUX auxiliary input (PARTIAL OPENING, OPEN ONLY, CLOSE ONLY, etc.) (“Figure 10”).



4.2.4.3 Connecting the Open Gate Indicator / Electric Lock

The OGI (Open Gate Indicator) output, if suitably programmed, can be used as a “Open Gate Indicator”. The indicator light will flash slowly during the opening phase and quickly during the closing phase. It will remain steady lit with the gate open (stopped) and off with the gate closed. If the output is programmed as an electric lock, it activates for 3 seconds whenever an opening manoeuvre starts (“Figure 11”).



4.2.5 ALT (STOP) INPUT TYPE

The MC424L control unit can be programmed to configure two types of ALT (STOP) inputs:

- **NC-type STOP** for NC contacts
- **Fixed resistor STOP type** for connecting devices with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor output (e.g. sensitive edges) to the control unit. The input measures the resistor’s value and removes the manoeuvre consent when the resistor exceeds the nominal value. With suitable arrangements, normally open (NO), normally closed (NC) and even multiple devices of a different type can be connected to the ALT input, configured as a fixed resistor (see “Table 3”).

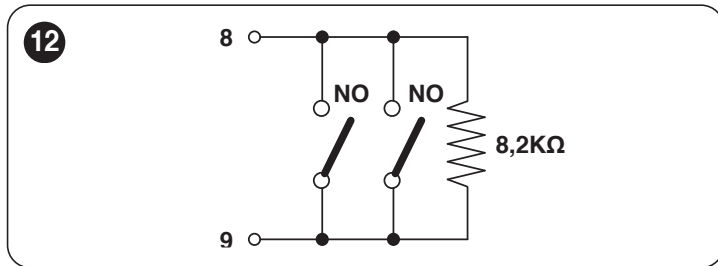
Table 3

FIXED RESISTOR STOP INPUT				
SECOND device type	FIRST device type			
	NO	NC	8.2 kΩ	
NO	In parallel [Note 1]	[Note 2]	In parallel	
NC	[Note 2]	In series [Note 3]	In series	
8.2 kΩ	In parallel	In series	[Note 4]	

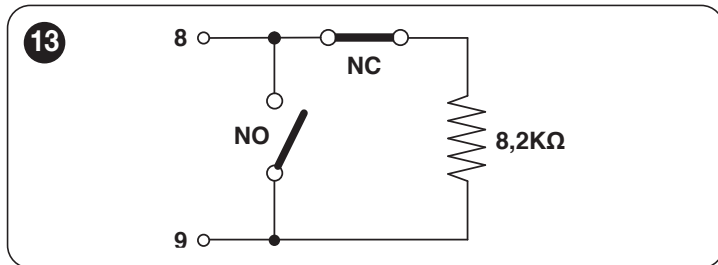
Note 1 One or more NO devices can be connected in parallel to one another without any quantity limitation with an 8.2 kΩ termination resistor ("Figure 12"). For electrical connections with the "Stand-by all" function active, refer to the "Stand-by all / Phototest connection" paragraph.



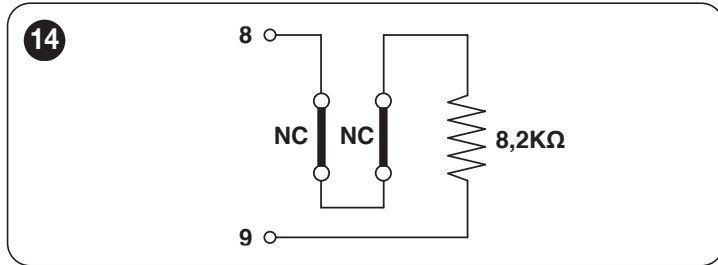
To connect ALT (STOP) with the "Stand-by all" function active, use terminal no. 5 and not no. 8 (see the "Stand-by all / Phototest connection" paragraph).



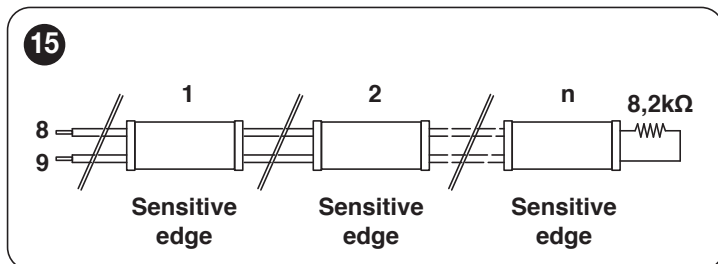
Note 2 Multiple devices can be connected as NO and NC contacts in parallel, taking care to place a 8.2 kΩ resistor in series with the NC contact (this also allows for combining 3 devices: NO, NC and 8.2 kΩ ("Figure 13").



Note 3 One or more NC-type devices can be connected in series to one another and to an 8.2 kΩ resistor without any quantity limitation ("Figure 14").



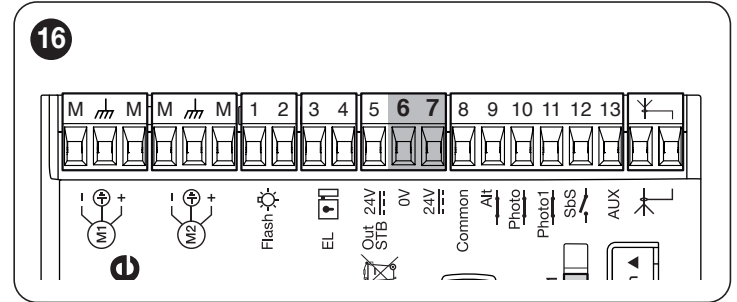
Note 4 Only one device with 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor output can be connected; if needed, multiple devices must be connected "in cascade" mode with a single 8.2 kΩ termination resistor ("Figure 15").



4.3 INITIAL START-UP AND ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS TEST

After powering the control unit, carry out the following checks:

- check that terminals "6-7" have roughly 30 VDC voltage ("Figure 16"). If the values do not match up, immediately disconnect the power supply and carefully check the connections and supply voltage.



- after the quick initial flash, the "OK" LED will signal the correct operation of the control unit by flashing regularly every second. When there is a variation on the control unit inputs, the "OK" LED will emit a quick double flash to signal that the input has been recognised
- if the connections have been made correctly the "NC"-type inputs must have the corresponding LED lit, while the "NO"-type inputs must have the corresponding LED off (refer to "Figure 17" and to "Table 4").

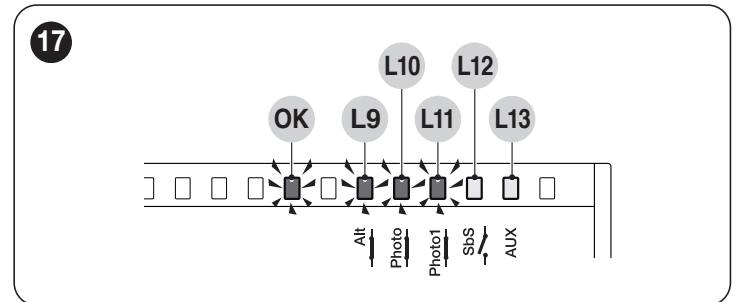
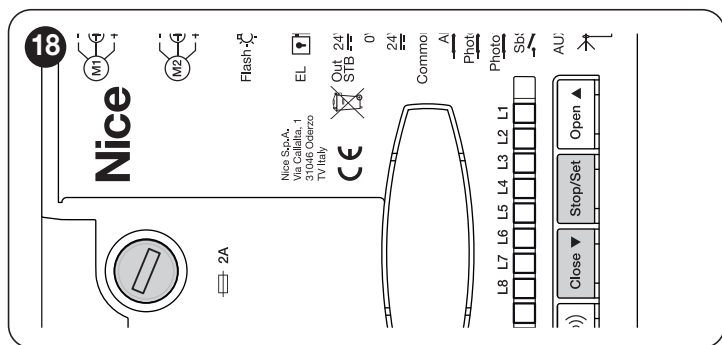


Table 4

INPUT-LED MATCHES		
Input	Type of input	LED status
ALT (STOP)	ALT (STOP) NC	L9 lit (Only after point 5)
	8.2 kΩ FIXED RESISTOR STOP	L9 lit (Only after point 5)
FOTO (PHOTO)	NC	L10 lit
FOTO1 (PHOTO1)	NC	L11 lit
Sbs	NO	L12 off
AUX	PARTIAL OPEN type 1 - NO	L13 off
	PARTIAL OPEN type 2 - NO	L13 off
	OPEN ONLY - NO	L13 off
	CLOSE ONLY - NO	L13 off
	PHOTO2 - NC	L13 lit

4. verify that, when intervening on the devices connected to the inputs, the corresponding LEDs switch off or on
5. verify that, when pressing the “[Stop/Set]” button and [Close ▼] (“Figure 18”) for over 3 seconds, both the motors complete a brief opening manoeuvre with the upper leaf motor starting first. Stop the manoeuvre by pressing the [Stop/Set] button. LED “L9” (“Figure 17”) must switch on to signal the correct self-recognition.

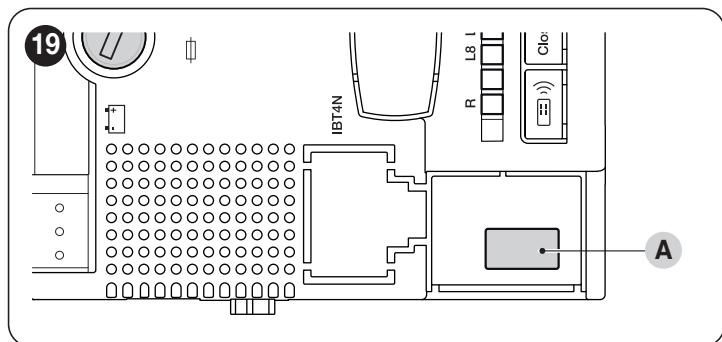


If the motors do not start for the opening manoeuvre, invert the polarity of the motor cables. If the first motor to move is not the one associated with the upper leaf, invert M1 with M2.

! If any one of these tests fails, disconnect the power supply to the control unit and check the various electrical connections made previously.

4.4 MOTOR SELECTOR

The control unit is equipped with a selector (A - “Figure 19”) that allows for specifying which type of motor to use (see “Table 5”).



! Any configuration not appearing in “Table 5” is not allowed.

Table 5

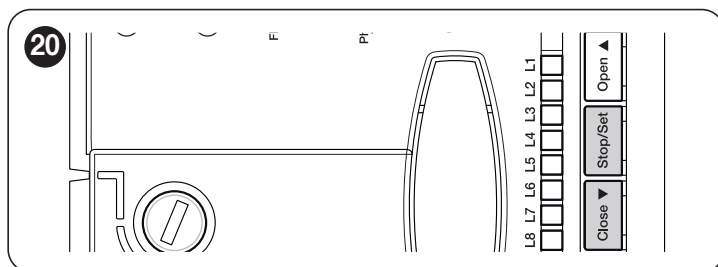
SELECTING THE MOTOR TYPE	
Motor type	Motor selector
Generic	
WG2024	
WG3524	
WG4024	
WG5024	
TOO3024	

SELECTING THE MOTOR TYPE	
Motor type	Motor selector
TOO4524	
XME2024	

4.5 AUTOMATIC LIMIT SWITCH SEARCH AND “STOP” INPUT ACQUISITION

Once the checks have been completed, the automatic search for mechanical stop devices connected to the control unit can start. This operation is necessary, as the control unit must detect the duration of the opening and closing manoeuvres. The procedure is entirely automatic and consists in measuring the motor effort to detect the mechanical stop devices during the opening and closing phases.

! Before starting the limit switch search, check that all the safety devices give their consent (STOP, PHOTO and PHOTO1 enabled). The intervention of a safety device or the arrival of a command during the procedure causes its immediate interruption. The leaves MUST be positioned roughly halfway along their path.



Press [Stop/Set] and [Close ▼] (“Figure 20”) for over 3 seconds to start the automatic search phase.

The procedure entails:

- control and memorisation of the motor selector
- control and memorisation of the ALT input (NC / 8.2 kΩ)
- brief opening of both motors
- closing of the lower leaf motor up to the mechanical stop for the closing phase
- closing of the upper leaf motor up to the mechanical stop for the closing phase
- start of upper leaf motor opening
- after the programmed offset, start of the lower leaf opening movement
- the control unit will measure the movement required so that the motors can reach the mechanical stops for the opening phase
- the control unit runs the complete closing manoeuvre. The motors can start at different times. The aim is to have a staggered closing of the leaves so as to avoid potential shearing between the leaves
- end of the procedure with memorisation of all the measurements recorded.

! All these phases occur one after the other, without any intervention by the operator.

! If, for any reason, the procedure fails to advance correctly, it must be interrupted by pressing the [Stop/Set] button. The procedure must then be repeated (if necessary, by modifying the parameters, for example the amperometric device thresholds and the leaf delay – consult the “PROGRAMMING” chapter).

! This procedure can be repeated without having to delete the memory.

5 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

These are the most important phases of the automation's construction, as they ensure maximum safety of the system. The test can also be used to periodically verify the devices making up the automation.



Testing and commissioning of the automation must be performed by skilled and qualified personnel, who are responsible for the tests required to verify the solutions adopted according to the risks present, and for ensuring that all legal provisions, standards and regulations are met, in particular all the requirements of the EN 12445 standard, which defines the test methods for checking gate automations.

The additional devices must undergo specific testing, both in terms of their functions and their proper interaction with the control unit. Refer to the instruction manuals of the individual devices.

5.1 TESTING

The sequence of steps to be performed when running the testing phase, as described below, refers to a typical system ("Figure 3").

To run the test:

1. check that the activation of the STEP-BY-STEP (Sbs) input triggers the "Open, Stop, Close, Stop" sequence
2. check that the activation of the AUX input (Type 1 partial opening function) manages the "Open, Stop, Close, Stop" sequence only for the upper leaf motor. The lower leaf motor must remain still during the closing phase
3. start an opening manoeuvre and verify that:
 - when engaging FOTO (PHOTO) the gate continues the opening manoeuvre
 - when engaging FOTO1 (PHOTO1) the manoeuvre stops until FOTO1 is disengaged. Subsequently, the manoeuvre will resume the opening movement
 - with FOTO2 (PHOTO2), after engaging this device, the manoeuvre must stop and restart during the closing phase
4. verify that when the leaf reaches the mechanical stop for the opening phase, the motors switch off
5. start a closing manoeuvre and verify that:
 - when engaging FOTO, the manoeuvre stops and restarts during the opening phase
 - when engaging FOTO1 (PHOTO1) the manoeuvre stops until FOTO1 is disengaged. Subsequently, the manoeuvre will resume the opening movement
 - when engaging FOTO2, the gate continues the closing manoeuvre
6. verify that the stoppage devices connected to the STOP input cause the immediate stoppage of any movement under way and a brief reversal
7. check that the level of the obstacle detection system is suited to the application: during the manoeuvre, during both the opening and closing phases, prevent the leaf's movement by simulating an obstacle and verify that the manoeuvre reverses before exceeding the force specified in the regulations
8. other checks can be necessary depending on the devices connected to the inputs.



If an obstacle is detected for two consecutive manoeuvres in the same direction, the control unit will perform a partial reversal of both motors for one second only. After the next command is given, the leaves will start opening and the first intervention of the amperometric device for each motor will be regarded as a mechanical stop for the opening phase. The same behaviour occurs when the mains power supply is restored: the first command is always an opening command and the first obstacle is always regarded as a mechanical stop for the opening phase.

5.2 COMMISSIONING



Commissioning can only be performed after all testing phases have been successfully completed.



Before commissioning the automation, ensure that the owner is properly informed of all residual risks and hazards.

To commission the automation:

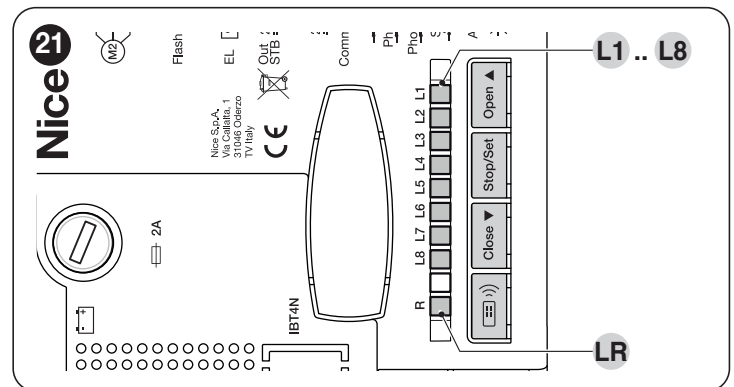
1. compile the automation's technical file, which must include the following documents: overall drawing of the automation, wiring diagram, risk assessment and relative solutions adopted, the manufacturer's declaration of conformity for all devices used and the declaration of conformity compiled by the installer
2. affix a data plate on the gate specifying at least the following data: type of automation, name and address of the manufacturer (responsible for commissioning), serial number, year of manufacture and CE mark
3. compile the declaration of conformity of the automation and hand it to the owner of the automation
4. compile the User Manual of the automation and hand it to the owner of the automation
5. compile and provide the owner with the automation's "Maintenance schedule", containing the maintenance instructions for all the automation's devices.



For all the above-mentioned documentation, Nice – through its technical assistance service – provides the following: instruction manuals and guides.

6 PROGRAMMING

There are 4 buttons on the control unit: [Open ▲], [Stop/Set], [Close ▼] and [Radio 📻] ("Figure 21"), which can be used both for commanding the control unit during the testing phases and for programming the available functions.



The programmable functions available are arranged on **two levels** and their operating status is signalled by the eight LEDs "L1 ... L8" and by the "LR" LED present on the control unit (LED lit = function active; LED off = function not active).

6.1 USING THE PROGRAMMING BUTTONS

[Open ▲] Button for commanding the gate opening
Selection button during the programming phase.

[Stop/Set] Button used to stop a manoeuvre
If pressed for more than 5 seconds, it allows for entering the programming mode.

[Close ▼] Button for commanding the gate's closure
Selection button during the programming phase.

6.2 PRE-SET FUNCTIONS

The control unit has a few programmable functions, which are pre-set in a typical configuration that suits most automations (see “**Table 6**”). The functions can be modified at any time, both before and after the automatic limit switch search phase, through appropriate programming procedures described below.

Table 6

PRE-SET FUNCTIONS	
Function	Pre-set value
Automatic closing	active
Condominium	disabled
Pre-flashing	disabled
Close after photo	disabled
Opening delay	level 5 (20%)
Stand-by all / Phototest	Stand-by all
Electric lock / OGI	Electric lock
ALT (STOP) input	self-recognition NC / 8.2 kΩ
Heavy gates	disabled
Pause time	30 seconds
Auxiliary input	Type 1 partial opening (activates upper leaf motor only)
Amperometric sensitivity	level 3

6.3 LEVEL 1 PROGRAMMING (ON-OFF)

All the Level 1 functions are set by default to “OFF” and can be modified at any time. Refer to “**Table 7**” to check the various functions.

6.3.1 LEVEL 1 PROGRAMMING PROCEDURE



The user has maximum 20 seconds to press the buttons consecutively during the programming procedure. After this time, the procedure terminates automatically and memorises the changes made up to that time.

To perform Level 1 programming:

1. press and hold the [Stop/Set] button until LED “L1” starts flashing
2. release the [Stop/Set] button when LED “L1” starts flashing
3. press the [Open ▲] or [Close ▼] button to move the flashing LED to the LED associated with the function to be modified
4. press the [Stop/Set] button to change the status of the function:
 - short flash = OFF
 - long flash = ON
5. wait 10 seconds (maximum time) to exit the programming mode.



To set other functions to “ON” or “OFF”, while the procedure is running, repeat points 2 and 3 during the phase itself.

Table 7

LEVEL 1 FUNCTIONS (ON-OFF)		
LED	Function	Description
L1	Automatic closing	Function ENABLED: after an opening manoeuvre there is a pause (equal to the set pause time), after which the control unit automatically starts a closing manoeuvre. The pause time is set by default to 30 seconds. Pressing the [Stop/Set] button or the intervention of the “STOP” input stop the cycle. Function NOT ENABLED: the system works in “semi-automatic” mode.
L2	Close after photo	Function ENABLED: if the photocells intervene during the opening or closing manoeuvre, the pause time drops to 4 seconds regardless of the set “pause time”. With “automatic closing” deactivated, if the photocells intervene during the opening or closing manoeuvre, the “automatic closing” activates with a 4-second “pause time”.
L3	Always Close	Function ENABLED: in the event of a blackout, even of short duration, 10 seconds after the electricity is restored the control unit detects that the gate is open and automatically starts a closing manoeuvre, preceded by 5 seconds of pre-flashing.
L4	Stand-by / Phototest	Function NOT ACTIVE: phototest. Instead of the “Stand-by all” function, the user can activate the “Phototest” function, which verifies whether the photocells function properly at the start of a manoeuvre. To use this function, the connect the photocells correctly (see “ Figure 7 C ”) then activate the function. Function ACTIVE: stand-by. The control unit is preconfigured with the 'Stand by tutto' function enabled. After 5 minutes of inactivity, the system automatically enters energy-saving mode, also deactivating the 'Out Stb' output (terminal 5) (see “ Figure 7 A ”). The standby activation time is factory-set to 5 minutes but can be modified via the mobile app or Oview device. This function is mandatory if the control unit is powered exclusively by Solemyo photovoltaic panels. It is also recommended if the control unit is powered by the mains and increased emergency operation with backup battery PSS124 is desired. Warning! The factory configuration provides that the Standby function is enabled. It can only be disabled by the user, who must be aware that power consumption will increase when the product is not operating the gate.

LEVEL 1 FUNCTIONS (ON-OFF)		
LED	Function	Description
L5	Electric lock / OGI (Open Gate Indicator)	Function ENABLED: OGI (Open Gate Indicator). If the function is enabled, terminals 3-4 can be used to connect an open gate indicator light (24 V). Function NOT ENABLED: electric lock. If the function is not enabled, terminals 3-4 can be used to connect the electric lock.
L6	Pre-flashing	Function ENABLED: the warning light starts flashing 3 seconds before the start of the manoeuvre to signal in advance a dangerous situation. Function NOT ENABLED: the warning light starts flashing when the manoeuvre starts.
L7	Condominium function	Function ENABLED: each command received triggers an opening manoeuvre that cannot be interrupted by subsequent command impulses. Function NOT ENABLED: each command received triggers an OPEN-STOP-CLOSE-STOP sequence, which is useful when many people use the automation with radio commands.
L8	Light/Heavy Gates	Function ENABLED: if the function is enabled, the control unit can be configured to control heavy gates by setting the acceleration ramp and closing slowdown speeds differently. Function NOT ENABLED: if the function has not been enabled, the control unit is set for controlling light gates.

6.4 LEVEL 2 PROGRAMMING (ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS)

All Level 2 parameters are set by default as shown under “GREY” in “Table 8” and can be modified at any time. The parameters can be adjusted to a value between 1 and 8. To check the value corresponding to each LED, refer to “Table 8”.

6.4.1 LEVEL 2 PROGRAMMING PROCEDURE



The user has maximum 20 seconds to press the buttons consecutively during the programming procedure. After this time, the procedure terminates automatically and memorises the changes made up to that time.

To perform Level 2 programming:

1. press and hold the [Stop/Set] button until LED “L1” starts flashing
2. release the [Stop/Set] button when LED “L1” starts flashing
3. press the [Open ▲] or [Close ▼] button to move the flashing LED to the “entry LED” associated with the parameter to be modified
4. press and hold the [Stop/Set] button. With the [Stop/Set] button pressed:
 - wait roughly 3 seconds, until the LED representing the current level of the parameter to be modified lights up
 - press the [Open ▲] or [Close ▼] button to shift the LED associated with the parameter’s value
5. release the [Stop/Set] button
6. wait 10 seconds (maximum time) to exit the programming mode.



To set multiple parameters during the procedure's execution, repeat the operations from point 2 to point 4 during the phase itself.



The set value highlighted in grey (“Table 8”) indicates that is the default value.

Table 8

LEVEL 2 FUNCTIONS (ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS)				
Entry LED	Parameter	LED (level)	Set value	Description
L1	Pause Time	L1	5 seconds	Adjusts the pause time, in other words, the time that elapses before automatic re-closure. It is only effective if the Close function is enabled.
		L2	15 seconds	
		L3	30 seconds	
		L4	45 seconds	
		L5	60 seconds	
		L6	80 seconds	
		L7	120 seconds	
		L8	180 seconds	

LEVEL 2 FUNCTIONS (ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS)

Entry LED	Parameter	LED (level)	Set value	Description
L2	AUX input	L1	Type 1 partial open	<p>The control unit has an auxiliary input that can be configured with one of the following 6 functions.</p> <p>Type 1 partial opening: performs the same function as the STEP-BY-STEP input, triggering the opening of the upper leaf only. It only works with the gate fully closed, otherwise the command is interpreted as if it were a STEP-BY-STEP command.</p> <p>Type 2 partial opening: performs the same function as the STEP-BY-STEP input, triggering the opening of the two leaves for half the time it takes for full opening. It only works with the gate fully closed, otherwise the command is interpreted as if it were a STEP-BY-STEP command.</p> <p>Open Only: this input performs opening only with the Open-Stop-Open-Stop sequence.</p> <p>Close Only: this input performs closing only with the Close-Stop-Close-Stop sequence.</p> <p>Photo 2: performs the function of the "PHOTO 2" safety device.</p> <p>Excluded: this input does not manage any function.</p>
		L2	Type 2 partial open	
		L3	Open only	
		L4	Close only	
		L5	Photo 2	
		L6	Stop (stops the manoeuvre)	
		L7	Excluded	
		L8	Excluded	
		L8	Excluded	
L3	Motor speed	L1	Open: 40%; Close: 40%	Adjusts the motor speed during normal travel.
		L2	Open: 60%; Close: 40%	
		L3	Open: 80%; Close: 40%	
		L4	Open: 80%; Close: 60%	
		L5	Open: 80%; Close: 80%	
		L6	Open: 100%; Close: 60%	
		L7	Open: 100%; Close: 80%	
		L8	Open: 100%; Close: 100%	
L4	Motor discharge after closing	L1	No discharge	Adjusts the duration of the "brief reversal" of both motors, after completing the closing manoeuvre, to reduce the residual final thrust.
		L2	0.2 seconds	
		L3	0.4 seconds	
		L4	0.6 seconds	
		L5	0.8 seconds	
		L6	1.0 seconds	
		L7	1.2 seconds	
		L8	1.4 seconds	
L5	Motor force (amperometric sensitivity)	L1	Level 1 - Minimum force	<p>Adjusts the force of both motors.</p> <p>The control unit features a system that measures the current absorbed by the two motors and used to detect the mechanical limit switches and any obstacles during the gate's movement. As the absorbed current depends on variable conditions (weight of the gate, sources of friction, wind gusts, voltage fluctuations, etc.), the intervention threshold can be modified. There are 8 levels: level 1 is the most sensitive level (minimum force), while level 8 is the least sensitive (maximum force).</p> <p>Increasing the degree of amperometric sensitivity increases the slowdown speed during the gate closing manoeuvre.</p> <p>WARNING! – The suitably adjusted "amperometric" function (together with other indispensable arrangements) can be useful to ensure compliance with the EN 12453 and EN 12445 standards, which require the use of techniques or devices that limit the force and dangerousness associated with automatic door and gate movements.</p>
		L2	Level 2 - ...	
		L3	Level 3 - ...	
		L4	Level 4 - ...	
		L5	Level 5 - ...	
		L6	Level 6 - ...	
		L7	Level 7 - ...	
		L8	Level 8 - Maximum force	
L6	Leaf delay	L1	0%	<p>Adjust the closing delay for the upper leaf motor.</p> <p>It is programmed as a percentage of the work time.</p> <p>The opening delay is half the time of the closing delay.</p>
		L2	5%	
		L3	10%	
		L4	15%	
		L5	20%	
		L6	30%	
		L7	40%	
		L8	50%	

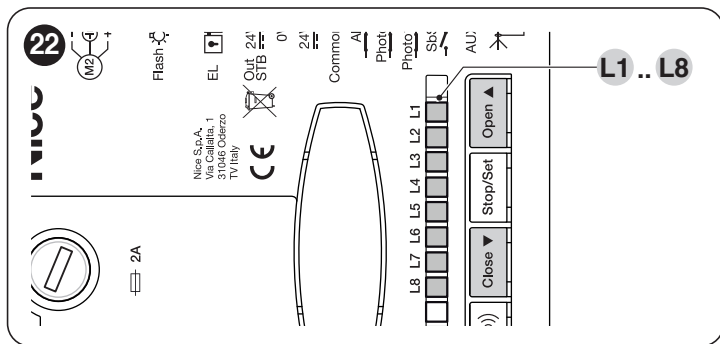
LEVEL 2 FUNCTIONS (ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS)

Entry LED	Parameter	LED (level)	Set value	Description
L7	Maintenance notification	L1	500	Adjusts the number of manoeuvres after which the automation maintenance request is triggered (see the “ Maintenance notification ” paragraph).
		L2	1000	
		L3	1500	
		L4	2500	
		L5	5000	
		L6	10000	
		L7	15000	
		L8	20000	
L8	List of malfunctions	L1	Result of 1st manoeuvre (most recent)	Allows for verifying the type of anomaly that occurred in the last 8 manoeuvres (see “ Anomaly log ” paragraph).
		L2	Result of 2 nd manoeuvre	
		L3	Result of 3 rd manoeuvre	
		L4	Result of 4 th manoeuvre	
		L5	Result of 5 th manoeuvre	
		L6	Result of 6 th manoeuvre	
		L7	Result of 7 th manoeuvre	
		L8	Result of 8 th manoeuvre	

6.5 MEMORY DELETION



The procedure described below restores the control unit's default settings. All the custom settings will be lost.



To delete the control unit's memory and restore all the default settings, proceed as described below:

1. press and hold the [Open ▲] and [Close ▼] buttons until the programming LEDs “L1-L8” light up (after roughly 3 seconds)
2. release the buttons
3. if the operation was successful, the programming LEDs “L1-L8” flash quickly for 3 seconds.



The following features will be deleted: STOP configuration, limit switch positions, Level 1 and Level 2 programming, number of manoeuvres. The memorised transmitters will not be deleted.

6.6 MEMORISING THE TRANSMITTERS

The control unit includes a radio receiver compatible with all transmitters using NICE radio encoding protocols **Opera**.

6.6.1 PROCEDURE FOR MEMORISING TRANSMITTER BUTTONS

Among the available procedures for memorising transmitters, some allow for memorising in “standard” mode (or Mode 1) and others in “custom” mode (or Mode 2).

6.6.1.1 STANDARD memorisation (Mode 1: all buttons)

Procedures of this kind allow for simultaneously memorising, during their execution, all the buttons on the transmitter. The system automatically associates each button with a pre-defined command, according to the following scheme:

Table 9

TRANSMITTER FUNCTION PAIRINGS	
Command	Button
1 - Step-by-Step	Will be paired with button 1
2 - AUX	Will be paired with button 2
3 - OPEN	Will be paired with button 3
4 - CLOSE	will be paired with button 4 (if present on the transmitter).

6.6.1.2 CUSTOM memorisation (Mode 2: one button only)

Procedures of this kind allow for memorising, during their execution, a single button among those present on the transmitter. The following commands can be paired with the buttons: **Step-by-Step**, **AUX**, **OPEN**, **CLOSE**.

The installer decides which button to associate with the command on the basis of the automation's needs.

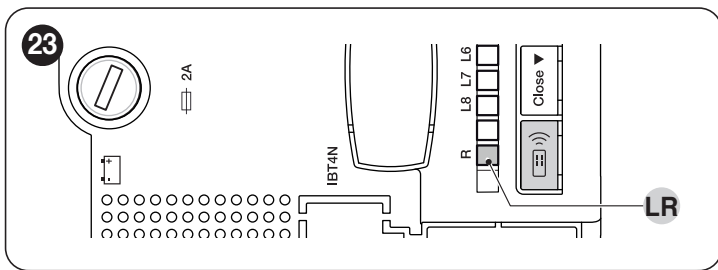
6.6.2 NUMBER OF TRANSMITTERS THAT CAN BE MEMORISED

The control unit's receiver has 100 memory locations. A location can memorise either a single transmitter (i.e. the combination of its buttons and commands) or a single button with the relative command.

6.6.3 TRANSMITTER MEMORISATION AND DELETION PROCEDURES





To perform the procedures A, B, C and D described below, the control unit's memory must be unlocked. If the memory is locked, perform the unlocking procedure described in the “**Locking and unlocking the memory**” paragraph



6.6.3.1 PROCEDURE A - Memorising ALL buttons of a single transmitter (STANDARD mode or Mode 1)

To perform this procedure:

1. **on the control unit:** press and hold the [Radio ] button until the "LR" LED lights up
2. release the button [Radio ]
3. (within 10 seconds) **on the transmitter to be memorised:** press and hold any button and wait until the "LR" LED emits 3 long flashes (= memorisation completed correctly)
4. release the transmitter button.








After the 3 long flashes a further 10 seconds remain to memorise an additional transmitter (if desired), starting from step 3.



The "LR" LED can also emit the following signals: 1 fast flash, if the transmitter is already memorised, 6 flashes, if the transmitter's radio encoding system is not compatible with that of the control unit's receiver, or 8 flashes, if the memory is full.

6.6.3.2 PROCEDURE B - Memorising a SINGLE BUTTON of a transmitter (CUSTOM mode or Mode 2)

To perform this procedure:

1. choose the command to be paired with the relevant button to be memorised:
 - for no. 1 - "Step-by-Step" press the [Radio ] button **once**
 - for no. 2 - "AUX" press the [Radio ] button **twice**
 - for no. 3 - "OPEN" press the [Radio ] button **3 times**
 - for no. 4 - "CLOSE" press the [Radio ] button **4 times**
2. **on the control unit:** press and release the [Radio ] button for a number of times corresponding to the desired command, as shown near the command selected beforehand at step 1.
3. (within 10 seconds) **on the transmitter:** press and hold the button to be memorised and wait for the "LR" LED to emit 3 long flashes (= memorisation completed correctly)
4. release the transmitter button.




After the 3 long flashes a further 10 seconds remain to memorise an additional button (if desired), starting from step 1.



The "LR" LED can also emit the following signals: 1 fast flash, if the transmitter is already memorised, 6 flashes, if the transmitter's radio encoding system is not compatible with that of the control unit's receiver, or 8 flashes, if the memory is full.

6.6.3.3 PROCEDURE C - Memorising a transmitter by means of another transmitter already memorised (memorisation far from the control unit)

This procedure can be used to memorise a new transmitter by means of a second transmitter, already memorised in the same control unit. In this way, the new transmitter can receive the same settings as those of the memorised transmitter. The user does not have to intervene directly on the control unit's [Radio ] button, as the procedure is simply carried out within the control unit's radius of reception.

To perform this procedure:




1. **on the transmitter to be memorised:** press and hold the button to be memorised
2. **on the control unit:** after a few seconds (roughly 5) the "LR" LED lights up
3. release the transmitter button
4. **on the transmitter already memorised:** press and slowly release 3 times the memorised button to be copied
5. **on the transmitter to be memorised:** press and hold the same button pressed at point 1 and wait for the "LR" LED to emit 3 long flashes (= memorisation completed correctly)
6. release the transmitter button.



The "LR" LED can also emit the following signals: 1 fast flash, if the transmitter is already memorised, 6 flashes, if the transmitter's radio encoding system is not compatible with that of the control unit's receiver, or 8 flashes, if the memory is full.

6.6.3.4 PROCEDURE D - Deleting a single transmitter (if memorised in Mode 1) or a single transmitter button (if memorised in Mode 2)




To perform this procedure:

1. **on the control unit:** press and hold the [Radio ] button
2. after roughly 4 seconds, the "LR" LED will light up steady (continue holding down the [Radio ] button)
3. **on the transmitter to be deleted from the memory:** press and hold a button (*) until the "LR" LED (on the control unit) emits 5 fast flashes (or 1 flash if the transmitter or button is not memorised).
4. release the [Radio ] button.

(*) If the transmitter is memorised in **Mode 1**, any button can be pressed and the control unit will delete the entire transmitter. If the transmitter is memorised in **Mode 2**, it is necessary to press the memorised button to be deleted. To delete further buttons memorised in Mode 2, repeat the entire procedure for every button to be deleted.

6.6.3.5 PROCEDURE E - Deleting ALL memorised transmitters

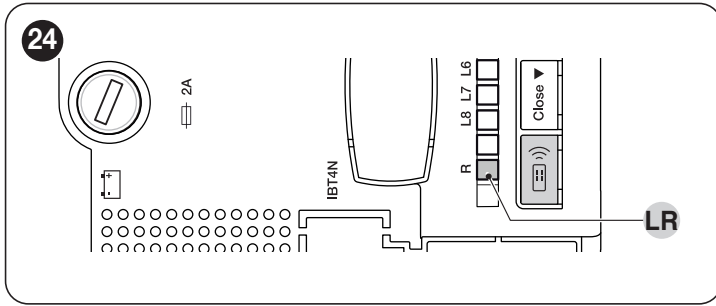
To perform this procedure:

1. **on the control unit:** press and hold the [Radio ] button
2. after roughly 4 seconds, the "LR" LED will light up steady (continue holding down the [Radio ] button)
3. after roughly 4 seconds, the "LR" LED will turn off (continue holding down the [Radio ] button)
4. when the "LR" LED starts flashing, count 2 flashes and prepare to release the button precisely during the 3rd flash that follows
5. during the deletion process, the "LR" LED will flash rapidly
6. the "LR" LED will emit 5 long flashes to signal that the deletion has been completed correctly.

6.7 LOCKING AND UNLOCKING THE MEMORY



WARNING! - This procedure locks the memory, preventing the execution of Procedures A, B, C and D described in the “*Transmitter memorisation and deletion procedures*” paragraph (page 16)



Procedure for locking/unlocking the memory:

1. disconnect the control unit from the power supply
2. press and hold the **[Radio]** button
3. power the control unit again (by pressing down the **[Radio]** button)
4. after 5 seconds the “LR” LED will emit 2 slow flashes
5. release the button **[Radio]**
6. (within 5 seconds) repeatedly press the **[Radio]** button to select one of the following options:
 - disabling of the memory lock function = **LED off**
 - enabling of the memory lock function = **LED on**
7. five seconds after last pressing the button, the “LR” LED will emit 2 slow flashes to signal the end of the procedure.

7 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Some devices are configured for signalling the operating status or the presence of any anomalies.

7.1 SIGNALLING THROUGH WARNING LIGHT

If a warning light is connected to the FLASH output on the control unit, the light will flash once every 1 second while the manoeuvre is being performed.

If any anomalies occur, the warning light will emit slow flashes repeated twice with a 1-second interval. “**Table 10**” describes the cause and possible solutions for each type of anomaly signalled by the warning light.

In case of anomaly, the “OK” LED will also emit signals. “**Table 10**” describes the cause and possible solutions for each type of anomaly signalled by the “OK” LED.

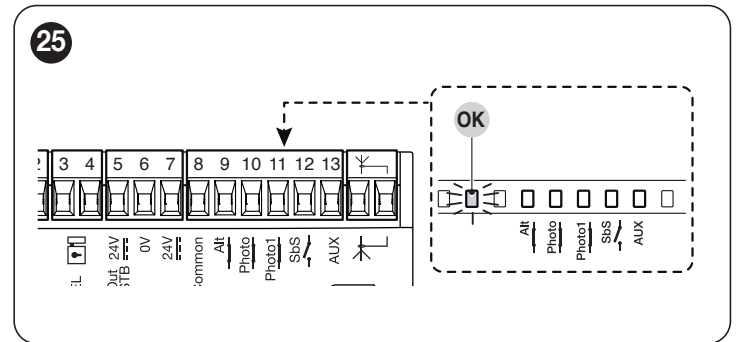


Table 10

SIGNALS EMITTED BY THE OK LED (“FIGURE 25”) AND WARNING LIGHT

Flashes	Anomaly	Possible solution
2 short red flashes 1-second pause 2 short red flashes	Intervention of a photocell	One or more photocells do not consent to the movement or have caused the latter to reverse. Check for any obstacles.
3 short red flashes 1-second pause 3 short red flashes	Intervention of the “Obstacle Detection” function through the force limiter	During the gate’s movement, the motors encountered more resistance. Verify the cause and increase the motor force if necessary.
4 short red flashes 1-second pause 4 short red flashes	Intervention of the ALT (STOP) input	At the start of the manoeuvre or during the movement itself, the ALT (STOP) input intervened. Identify the cause.
5 short red flashes 1-second pause 5 short red flashes	Error in the internal parameters of the control unit	Wait at least 30 seconds then try giving a command and disconnect the power supply if necessary. If the condition persists, there may be a serious malfunction and the electronic board needs to be replaced.
6 short red flashes 1-second pause 6 short red flashes	The maximum limit for consecutive manoeuvres or manoeuvres per hour has been exceeded	Wait for a few minutes until the manoeuvre limiting device drops to under the maximum limit.
7 short red flashes 1-second pause 7 short red flashes	Electric circuit anomaly	Wait at least 30 seconds then try giving a command and disconnect the power supply if necessary. If the condition persists, there may be a serious malfunction and the electronic board needs to be replaced.
8 short red flashes 1-second pause 8 short red flashes	A command that prevents other commands from being executed is already present	Check the type of the “always present” command (for example, it could be a command from a clock on the AUX input).

7.2 SIGNALS ON THE CONTROL UNIT

The control unit has LEDs "L1-L8" on the buttons and LEDs "L9-L13" and the "OK" LED on the control unit terminals ("Figure 26").

Each of these LEDs can emit special signals, both during normal operation and in case of anomalies. "Table 11" and "Table 12" describe the cause and possible solution for every type of anomaly.

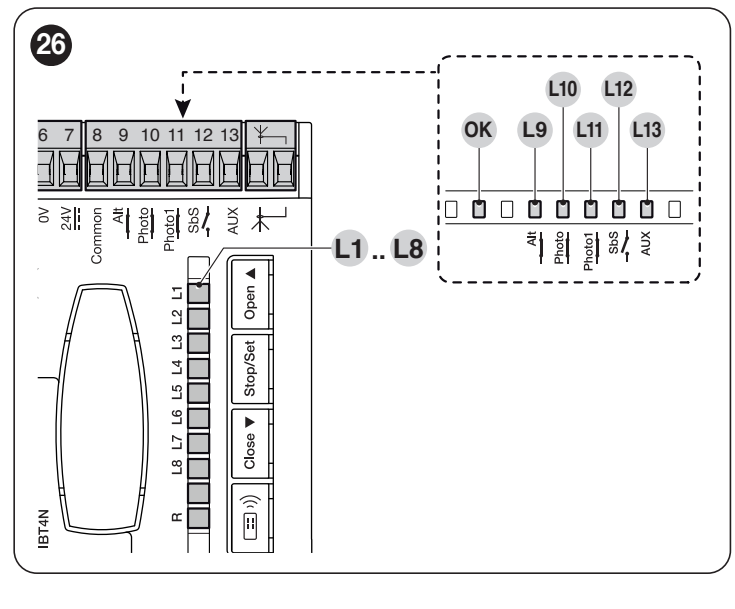


Table 11

SIGNALS OF THE LED ON THE CONTROL UNIT TERMINALS		
Status	Meaning	Possible solution
All LEDs		
No LED is lit	No power to the control unit	Check whether the control unit is powered: measure on terminals 6-7 a voltage of roughly 30 VDC (or 24 VDC if battery-powered). Check the 2 fuses; if the OK LED is also not lit nor flashes, there may be a serious fault, therefore the control unit must be replaced.
OK LED		
OFF	Anomaly	Make sure there is power supply; verify whether the fuses are blown; if necessary, identify the reason for the failure then replace the fuses with others of the same type
On	Serious anomaly	There is a serious anomaly; try switching off the control unit for a few seconds; if the condition persists, it means there is a fault and the circuit board needs to be replaced
1 flash per second, green color	Everything normal	The control unit works normally
1 green flash every 5 seconds	Everything normal	Control unit in stand-by mode
2 quick flashes	The status of the inputs has changed	This is normal when there is a change affecting one of the inputs: OPEN, STOP, intervention of the photocells, or when the radio transmitter is used
Series of flashes separated by a one-second pause	Various	This is the same signal as the one on the warning light (see "Table 10")
1 flash per second, orange color	Everything normal	Normal operation. The control unit is waiting for the full recharge of the connected backup battery
STOP LED		
OFF	Intervention of the ALT (STOP) input	Check the devices connected to the STOP input
On	All OK	STOP Input active
PHOTO LED		
OFF	Intervention of the PHOTO input	Check the devices connected to the PHOTO input
On	All OK	PHOTO input active
PHOTO1 LED		
OFF	Intervention of the PHOTO1 input	Check the devices connected to the PHOTO1 input
On	All OK	PHOTO1 input active
SbS LED		
OFF	All OK	SbS input not active
On	Intervention of the Sbs input	Normal if the device connected to the Sbs input is active
AUX LED		
OFF	All OK	AUX input not active
On	Intervention of the AUX input	Normal if the device connected to the AUX input is active

SIGNALS OF THE LED ON THE CONTROL UNIT BUTTONS	
Status	Meaning
L1 LED	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Automatic closing" mode is not active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Automatic closing" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress
L2 LED	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Close after photo" mode is not active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Close after photo" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress
L3 LED	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Always Close" mode is not active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Always Close" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress. If it flashes together with LED L4, the position recognition phase must be carried out (see the " Automatic limit switch search and "STOP" input acquisition " paragraph)
LED L4	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Stand-by" mode is active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Phototest" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress. If it flashes together with LED L3, the position recognition phase must be carried out (see the " Automatic limit switch search and "STOP" input acquisition " paragraph)
LED L5	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals the OGI output as OGI (open gate indicator)
On	During normal operation, it signals the OGI output as ELS (electric lock)
Flashes	Function programming in progress
LED L6	
OFF	During normal operation it signals that the "Pre-flashing" mode is not active
On	During normal operation it signals that the "Pre-flashing" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress
LED L7	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Condominium" mode is not active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Condominium" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress
LED L8	
OFF	During normal operation, it signals that the "Light gates" mode is active
On	During normal operation, it signals that the "Heavy gates" mode is active
Flashes	Function programming in progress

7.3 MAINTENANCE NOTIFICATION

The control unit allows for notifying the user when to perform maintenance on the automation. The signal is emitted once the number of manoeuvres completed equals the value set for the "Maintenance warning" adjustable parameter (see the "**Table 8**" paragraph).

The maintenance request signal is emitted through the FLASH warning light.

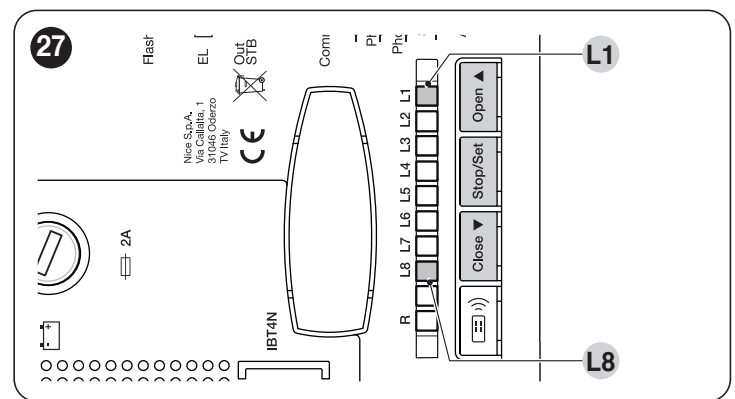
The FLASH warning light and the maintenance indicator emit the signals indicated in "**Table 13**" based on the number of manoeuvres completed with respect to the set limit.

Table 13

MAINTENANCE SIGNALS		
Number of manoeuvres	Signal on "Flash"	Signal on maintenance indicator
Below 80% of the limit	Normal (0.5 s on, 0.5 s off)	On for 2 s at the start of opening
Between 81% and 100% of the limit	At the start of the manoeuvre, it remains lit for 2 s then continues normally	Flashes throughout the manoeuvre
Over 100% of the limit	At the start and end of the manoeuvre, remains lit for 2 s then continues normally	Flashes always

7.4 ANOMALY LOG

The control unit can display any anomalies that have occurred in the last 8 manoeuvres (for example, the interruption of a manoeuvre due to the intervention of a photocell or sensitive edge).



To check the list of anomalies:

1. press and hold the **[Stop/Set]** button for roughly 3 seconds
2. release the **[Stop/Set]** button when the "**L1**" LED starts flashing
3. press and release the **[Open ▲]** or **[Close ▼]** button to shift flashing of the LED to "**L8**" ("Anomaly list" parameter)
4. keep the **[Stop/Set]** button pressed down (it must be kept pressed throughout phases 5 and 6)
5. wait roughly 3 seconds, after which LED "**L1**" – corresponding to the outcome of the last manoeuvre – will light up
6. press and hold the **[Open ▲]** or **[Close ▼]** button to select the desired manoeuvre: the corresponding LED will emit the same number of flashes as those normally emitted by the warning light after an anomaly (see "**Table 10**")
7. release the **[Stop/Set]** button.

8 FURTHER DETAILS (Accessories)

8.1 CONNECTING AN SM-TYPE RADIO RECEIVER

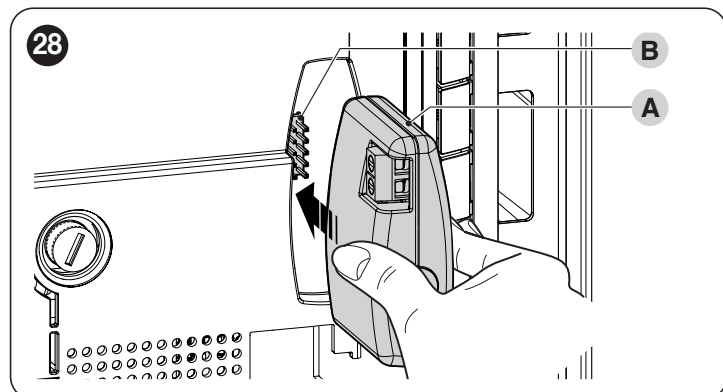
The control unit has a slot for mounting radio receivers with SM connector (optional accessories) belonging to the SMXI, OXI, etc. families, which can be used to remotely control the control unit through transmitters that intervene on the unit's inputs.

⚡ Before installing a receiver, disconnect the power supply to the control unit.

To install a receiver ("Figure 28"):

1. remove the cover of the control unit's containment box
2. insert the receiver (A) in the appropriate slot (B) on the control unit's electronic board
3. put the cover of the control unit's containment box back on.

At this stage, the control unit can be powered again.



"Table 14" shows the receiver outputs and the control unit inputs associated with each.

Table 14

SMXI / SMXIS OR OXI / OXIFM / OXIT / OXITFM IN MODE 1 OR MODE 2	
Receiver output	Control unit input
Output No. 1	Step-by-Step
Output No. 2	AUX (pre-set value: Partial open 1)
Output No. 3	"Open Only"
Output No. 4	"Close Only"

📖 For further information, consult the specific manual of the receiver.

8.2 CONNECTING THE IBT4N INTERFACE

The control unit is equipped with a "IBT4N"-type connector for the IBT4N interface, which allows for connecting all devices equipped with BusT4 interface, such as, for example, Oview programmers and the IT4WIFI Wi-Fi interface.

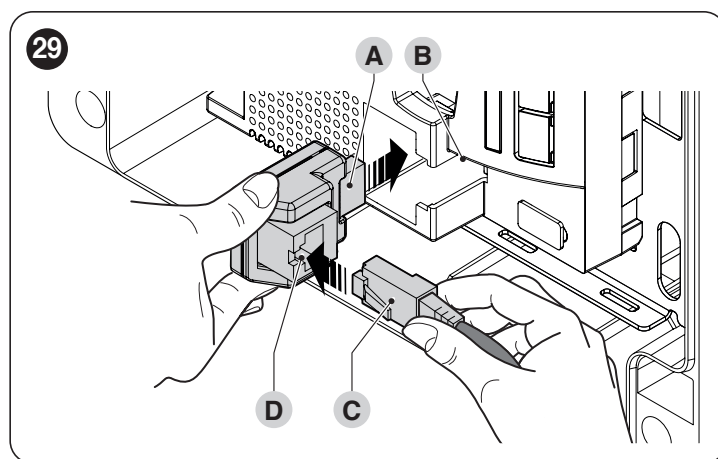
The Oview programmer allows for comprehensively and rapidly managing the installation, maintenance and diagnosis of the entire automated system.

⚡ Before connecting the interface, disconnect the power supply to the control unit.

To install the interface ("Figure 29"):

1. remove the cover of the control unit's containment box

2. fit the interface (A) into the appropriate slot (B) on the control unit board
3. insert the cable (C) in the appropriate slot (D) on the interface



At this stage, the control unit can be powered again.

📖 For further information, consult the specific manuals of the connected devices.

8.3 CONNECTING AND INSTALLING THE EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY

This product can be equipped with an emergency power supply system that ensures operation even in the absence of mains power. The emergency power supply is through batteries that must be kept in the charged state. The battery charging function is one of the main functions of this product; the Standby Mode will be activated only when the battery charging function is completed.

Check the instructions of the emergency power system for the maximum time required for the batteries to be fully charged.

This product complies with standby regulations when connected to the battery pack PSS124. The product can recognize the charge level of the PSS124 and will recharge it correctly, avoiding entering low power mode if the battery charge level is below 80%.

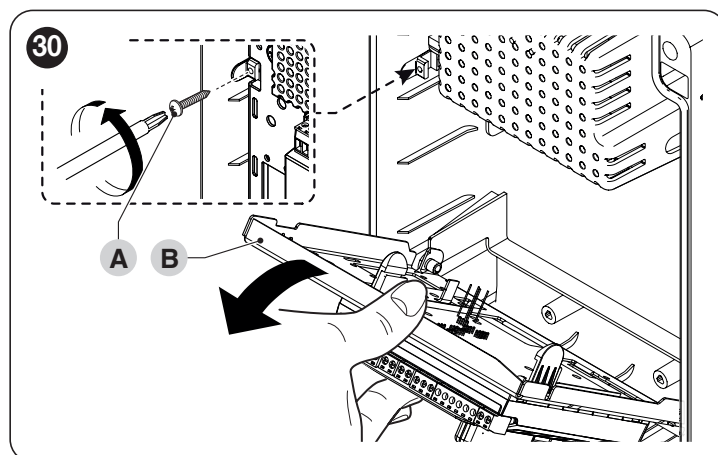
⚠ WARNING

It is possible to use the previous backup battery pack PS124 by using a specific adapter cable (CABLA11) and disabling the standby mode for proper operation. In this case, the average power consumption will be increased.

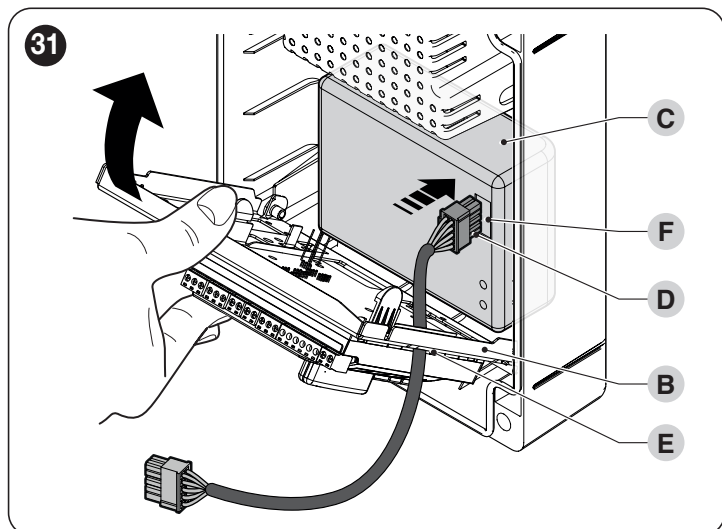
⚡ The electrical connection of the battery to the control unit must be made only after completing all the installation and programming stages, as the battery is an emergency power supply.

Before installing and connecting the back-up battery:

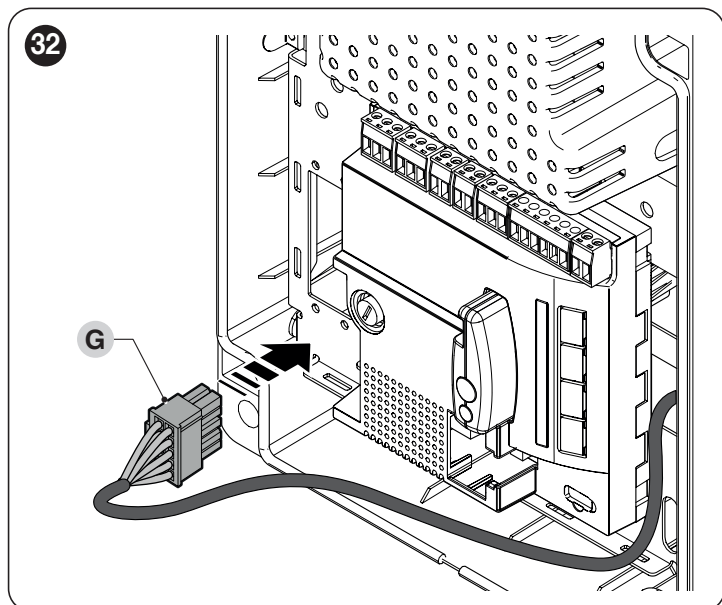
1. remove the cover of the control unit's containment box
2. loosen the screw (A) and turn the panel (B)



3. position the battery (C)
4. insert the connector (D) through the opening (E) and connect it to the slot (F)
5. close the panel (B)



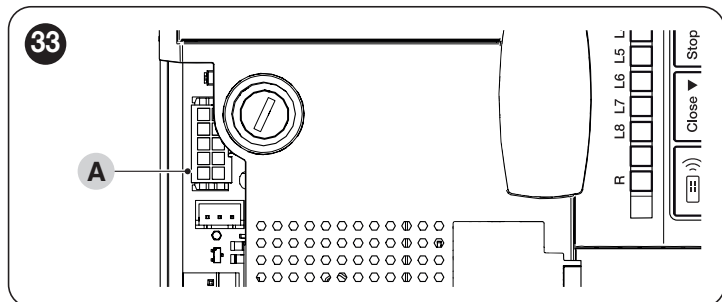
6. remove the pre-cut element (G) and insert the connector (H) into the slot located under the pre-cut element



7. put the cover of the control unit's containment box back on. At this stage, the control unit can be powered again.

8.4 CONNECTING THE SOLEMYO SYSTEM

The control unit is designed to be powered by the photovoltaic power system "Solemyo" (solar panel and 24 V battery). To connect the Solemyo accumulator to the control unit, use the same connector normally used for the backup battery (A).



! When the automation is powered through the "Solemyo" system, IT MUST NOT BE POWERED through the mains electricity at the same time.



The "Solemyo" system can only be used if the "Stand-by all" function is enabled (ON) on the control unit and if the connections are made as shown in the diagram (A) in "Figure 7".

9 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE

Being an electronic part, the control unit does not require any special maintenance. Nonetheless, the system should be regularly checked to ensure that it works efficiently at least every 6 months according to the instructions in the "TESTING AND COMMISSIONING" chapter.

10 PRODUCT DISPOSAL



This product is an integral part of the operator and must therefore be disposed of with it.

As with the installation, only qualified personnel must dismantle the product at the end of its life.

This product is composed of different types of materials. Some of these materials can be recycled; others must be disposed of. Please enquire about the recycling or disposal systems in place in your local area for this type of product.



WARNING

Some parts of the product may contain polluting or dangerous substances. If not disposed of correctly, these substances may have a damaging effect on the environment and human health.



As indicated by the symbol shown here, this product must not be disposed of with household waste. Separate the waste for disposal and recycling, following the methods stipulated by local regulations, or return the product to the seller when purchasing a new product. If an emergency power accessory is installed in the product, it contains batteries that must be removed and disposed of according to the specific procedures for the type of battery.



WARNING

Local regulations may impose heavy penalties if this product is not disposed of in compliance with the law.

11 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



All technical specifications stated in this section refer to an ambient temperature of 20°C (± 5°C). Nice S.p.A. reserves the right to apply modifications to the product at any time when deemed necessary, without altering its functions and intended use.

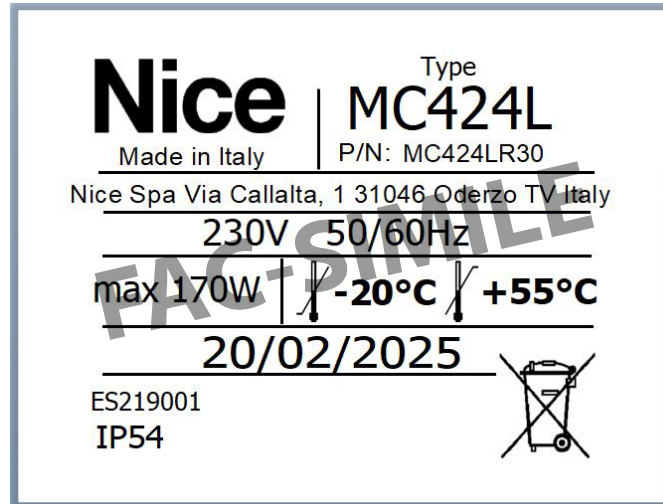
Table 15

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
Description	Technical specification
Mains power supply	Control unit MC424L: 230 V~ ± 10% 50–60 Hz; fuse: 1A type T Control unit MC424L/V1: 120 V~ ± 10% 50–60 Hz; fuse: 2A type T Control unit MC424L/AU01: 250 V~ ± 10% 50–60 Hz; fuse: 1A type T
Maximum power input	170 W
Emergency power supply	designed for PSS124 backup batteries and Solemyo solar kit
Maximum motor current	3 A (with “level 6” amperometric device intervention)
Stand-By mode	Factory-set to automatic after 5 minutes from the end of main functions
Standby all (W)*	< 0,25
Services power output	24 V= maximum current 200 mA (the voltage may vary between 16 V and 33 V=)
Photo test output	24 V= maximum current 100 mA (the voltage may vary between 16 V and 33 V=)
Warning light output	for 24 V = warning lights, maximum power 25 W (the voltage may vary between 16 V and 33 V=); for Nice ELDC and EL24 warning lights
Electric lock output	for 24 V = lamps, maximum power 5 W (the voltage may vary between 16 V and 33 V =) or for 12 V ~ electric locks, 15 VA
ALT (STOP) input	for NC contacts or 8.2 kΩ fixed resistor +/- 25%
Work time	measured automatically
Pause time	settable
Discharge time	settable
Leaf opening delay	settable
Leaf closing delay	measured automatically
1st motor output	for WINGO motors (WG2024, WG3524, WG4024, WG5024), TOO (TOO3024, TOO4524), SFAB (XME2024)
2nd motor output	for WINGO motors (WG2024, WG3524, WG4024, WG5024), TOO (TOO3024, TOO4524), SFAB (XME2024)
Max length of cables	power supply: 30 m
	Solemyo solar kit power supply: 3 m
	motors: 10 m
	other inputs/outputs: 30 m
	warning light: 10 m
	OGI: 30 m
	electric lock: 10 m
	antenna: 20 m (recommended below 3 m)
Radio receiver*	“SM”-type connector for SMXI, SMXIS, OXI receivers (Mode 1 and Mode 2)
Operating temperature	from -20°C to +55°C
Protection rating	IP 54 (with container intact)
Dimensions (mm)	310 x 232 x H 122
Weight (kg)	4,1

* In the calculation of power consumption in Standby Mode, the energy consumption of accessories has not been considered. Please refer to the respective instructions for the consumption of these accessories such as external receivers or devices connected to the power outputs, if present.

EU Declaration of Conformity and declaration of incorporation of “partly completed machinery”

Nice S.p.A. manufacturer of this equipment declares that it conforms to Directive 2014/53/EU (RED) and Directive 2006/42/EC (Machinery) according to Annex II, Part 1, Section B. The instruction manual and the complete text of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at: www.niceforyou.com; under 'support' and 'download'.



Note: The labels shown are a copy of the product label updated as of the publication date of this manual.

Before using the automation system for the first time, ask the installer to explain the origin of residual risks and take a few minutes and read this instructions manual and related warnings handed to you by the installer. Keep the manual for consultation when in doubt and ensure supply to new owners of the automation.



WARNING!

Your automation is a machine that faithfully executes commands imparted by the user. Negligence and improper use may lead to dangerous situations:

- do not manoeuvre the gate if there are people, animals or objects within its range of operation
- it is strictly forbidden to touch parts of the automation while it is moving
- the photocells should not be regarded as actual safety devices but only as auxiliary safety devices. They are designed using highly reliable technology, but in extreme conditions may be subject to malfunctions or potential faults, and in certain cases these faults might not be immediately evident
- periodically check that the photocells work properly.



IT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN to transit while the automation is closing! Transit is allowed only if the automation is fully open and stationary.



CHILDREN

An automation system guarantees a high degree of safety. With its detection systems, it can control and guarantee the gate's movement in the presence of people or objects. It is nonetheless advisable to forbid children from playing near the automation and not to leave remote controls near them to prevent any unwanted activation of the system. The automation is not a toy!

The product is not intended for use by persons, including children, with limited physical, sensory or mental capacities, or who lack experience or knowledge, unless supervised or trained in the use of the product by a person responsible for their safety.

Anomalies: if the automation shows any signs of anomalous behaviour, disconnect the power supply to the system and manually unlock the motor (see instructions at the end of the chapter) to manoeuvre the automation manually. Do not attempt any repairs personally, but contact your trusted installer.



Do not modify the system or the programming and adjustment parameters of the control unit: your installer is exclusively responsible for these operations.

Failure or lack of power supply: while waiting for the installer to intervene or the electricity to be restored, if the system is not equipped with emergency power supplies, the automation can nonetheless be used by manually unlocking the motor (see the instructions at the end of the chapter) and moving the automation manually.

Safety devices out of order: the automation can also be used when one or more safety devices are defective or out of order. The automation can be controlled in **"Hold-to-run"** mode in the following way:

1. send a command to operate the automation using a transmitter or key selector, etc. If everything works normally, the automation will move regularly, otherwise the warning light will flash a few times and the manoeuvre will not start (the number of flashes depends on the reason for which the manoeuvre cannot start)
2. in this case, within 3 seconds press the control again and hold it down
3. after roughly 2 seconds, the automation will complete the requested manoeuvre in **"Hold-to-run"** mode, in other words, it will continue to move so long as the control is held down.



If the safety devices are out of order, have the system repaired as soon as possible by a qualified technician.

The test, periodic maintenance and any repairs must be documented by the person carrying out the work and the documents must be stored by the owner of the automation. The only interventions the user may carry out periodically include cleaning of the photocell glass components (use a soft and slightly damp cloth) and removing any leaves or stones that may obstruct the automation.



Before carrying out any maintenance operations, the user of the automation must manually unlock the motor to prevent anyone from accidentally triggering the automation's movement (see the instructions at the end of the chapter).

Maintenance: in order to ensure constant levels of safety and the longest useful life for the automation, routine maintenance must be carried out (at least every 6 months).



Only qualified personnel is authorised to carry out checks, maintenance operations and repairs.

Disposal: at the end of its useful life, the automation must be dismantled by qualified personnel and the materials must be recycled or disposed of in compliance with the local regulations in force.

Replacing the remote control battery: if your remote control appears to be working poorly after some time, or stops working altogether, it may simply depend on flat batteries (depending on how much the device is used, the batteries may last from several months to over a year). You will notice this by the fact that the indicator light signalling the transmission fails to light up, is weak or lights up only for a short time. Before contacting the installer, try replacing the battery with that of another transmitter that works properly: if the anomaly is resolved, simply replace the flat battery with one of the same type.

NOTES



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NOTES

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